## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method of making an aluminum reduction cell component having a stabilized surface that is wettable by molten aluminum, which comprises mixing together a carbonaceous material, TiB<sub>2</sub> and up to 25% by weight of an additive consisting of a combination of two intimately mixed compounds an intimate mixture of TiO<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and baking the mixture into a cell component having a baked surface provided with pores, wherein said TiB<sub>2</sub> is used in an amount sufficient to make the baked surface wettable by molten aluminium, and wherein at least a first of the two eompounds one of said TiO<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> has a higher melting temperature than the baking temperature, whereby when the cell component is contacted with molten aluminum, the aluminium wets the baked surface, penetrates the pores therein, and reacts with the additive to form a dense phase having low solubility in aluminium that seals the pores.

Claim 2 (Original): A method according to claim 1 wherein up to 10% by weight of the additive is mixed with the carbonaceous material and TiB<sub>2</sub>.

Claims 3 - 4 (Cancelled)

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim [[4]] 1 wherein the TiO<sub>2</sub> and B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> are mixed in a ratio of 40-50% by weight TiO<sub>2</sub> and 50-60% by weight B<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.

Claim 6 (Original): A method according to claim [[2]]  $\underline{1}$  wherein the intimately mixed eompounds  $\underline{\text{TiO}}_2$  and  $\underline{\text{B}}_2\underline{\text{O}}_3$  comprise particles less than 200  $\mu$ m in size.

Claim 7 (Original): A method according to claim 6 wherein the particles are less than 30  $\mu m$  in size.

Claim 8 (Original): A method according to claim 2 wherein the carbonaceous material and TiB<sub>2</sub> are mixed in the ratio of 50% by weight of carbonaceous material and 40 to 49% of TiB<sub>2</sub>.

Claims 9 – 20 (Cancelled)

Claim 21 (Previously Presented): A method according to claim 1, wherein 40% by weight or more of said TiB<sub>2</sub> is mixed with the carbonaceous material.